## **Estimation of ACTH and Cortisol**

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### **Adrenocorticotropic Hormone (ACTH)**

Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) is a hormone <u>pituitary</u> <u>gland</u>(anterior lobe) releases that plays a large role in how the body responds to <u>stress</u>. The release of ACTH triggers <u>adrenal glands</u> to

produce <u>cortisol</u>, the "stress hormone," and <u>androgens</u> (a group of .sex hormones)



**?What is the function of adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)**The main function of adrenocorticotropic hormone is to stimulate.the adrenal glands to release cortisol
ACTH also plays a role in stimulating adrenal glands to releaseandrogens (sex hormones) and stimulating the production of
chemical substances that stimulate an increase in other hormones

.such as <u>adrenaline</u> and <u>noradrenaline</u>

#### **?What are normal ACTH levels**

Like cortisol, the level of ACTH in blood normally peaks in the early morning and declines throughout the day, reaching its lowest level around midnight. This pattern can change if you work a night .shift and sleep at different times of the day Because of this, ACTH tests usually require a morning blood draw. In general, the normal range for ACTH levels is 7.2 to 63.3.picograms per milliliter (pg/mL) from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m.

:Causes of high adrenocorticotropic hormone levels include Cushing's disease: This is the most common cause of increased-ACTH levels. A benign (non-cancerous) tumor (<u>adenoma</u>) in pituitary gland that produces excess amounts of ACTH, which then elevates cortisol levels, causes ACTH. It's important to note the .difference between Cushing's disease and <u>Cushing's syndrome</u> Ectopic adrenocorticotropic hormone tumor: Rarely, a tumoroutside of your pituitary gland can release excess ACTH. **Primary adrenal insufficiency**: This condition happens whenadrenal glands don't produce enough cortisol due to some type of damage to adrenal glands. <u>Addison's disease</u> is the most common .cause of primary adrenal insufficiency

#### :Causes of low ACTH levels include

**Cushing's syndrome**: Cushing's syndrome from an <u>adrenal</u> <u>tumor</u> or by long-term use of <u>corticosteroid</u> medication for other conditions can cause low ACTH levels. This is because the excess cortisol prevents pituitary gland from releasing regular amounts of .ACTH

**Hypopituitarism**: This is a rare condition in which there's a lack (deficiency) of one, multiple or all of the hormones made by your pituitary gland. ACTH can be one of the affected hormones. Any type of damage to your pituitary gland, such as pressure on the gland, surgical damage or <u>radiation therapy</u>, can cause .hypopituitarism

**Cortisol** : is a hormone made by adrenal glands. Cortisol affects :almost every organ and tissue in your body. It helps the body Respond to <u>stress</u> (cortisol is sometimes called the "stress-hormone.")

Reduce inflammation (swelling)-

Control <u>blood glucose</u> (also called "blood sugar") and metabolism-

-Control your blood pressure

A cortisol test measures the level of cortisol in your blood, urine .(pee), or saliva (spit)

## ?What is it used for

.Cushing's syndrome, a disorder that causes high cortisol levels-.Addison disease, a condition that causes low cortisol levels-Secondary adrenal insufficiency, a condition that causes lowcortisol levels. It happens when pituitary gland can't make enough .ACTH to tell adrenal glands to make cortisol Symptoms of Cushing's syndrome (too much cortisol) may :include

Weight gain-

Thin arms and legs-

Round face (moon face apperance)-

Increased fat around the base of your neck or between your-

shoulder blades

Easy bruising-

Wide purple streaks on your stomach, breasts, hips, and under-

your arms

Muscle weakness-

**Common symptoms of Addison disease and adrenal** 

#### :insufficiency (too little cortisol) may include

- Long-lasting fatigue-
- Muscle weakness-
- Loss of appetite-
- Weight loss-
- Abdominal (belly) pain-

# Thank you for

listening