

• The Colon Operator

The colon" : " is one of MATLAB's most important operators. It occurs in several different forms. The expression >>1:10 is a row vector containing the integers from 1 to 10 2 5 6 4 1 3 8 9 10 7 To obtain nonunit spacing, specify an increment. For example, >>100:-7:50 is 79 72 65 58 51 100 93 86

• End as a subscript

To access the last element of a matrix along a given dimension, use end as a subscript. This allows you to go to the final element without knowing in advance how big the matrix is. For example:

```
>> q = 4:10

q=

4 5 6 7 8 9 10

>> q(end)

ans = 10

>> q(end-4:end)

ans =

6 7 8 9 10

>> q(end-2:end)
```

ans = 8 9 10

This technique works for two-dimensional matrices as well:

```
>> q = [1 2 3;4 5 6;7 8 9]
q=
123
456
789
>> q(end,end)
ans =
9
>>q(2,end-1:end)
ans =
56
>> q(end-2:end,end-1:end)
ans =
23
56
89
>> q(end-1,:)
ans =
456
789
```